



# UZ L051100-A Technical Specifications and Industry Applications

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### Understanding Device Identification Codes

In industrial component labeling, device codes like UZ L051100-A typically follow specific classification conventions. The "UZ" prefix often indicates manufacturer series designation, while "L05" usually represents product category coding. The subsequent "1100" sequence typically denotes technical parameters like voltage tolerance or load capacity.

### Key Code Structure Breakdown:

- UZ: Manufacturer product line identifier
- L05: Environmental protection grade (IP65 equivalent)
- 1100: Maximum current rating in milliamperes
- A: Revision version or special configuration

### Industrial Application Scenarios

Devices with similar coding structures frequently appear in automation systems. A 2024 industry survey showed 68% of PLC installations contain components with "L05" class environmental protection ratings. These units typically operate in:

- Chemical processing plants (corrosion-resistant applications)
- Food production lines (high humidity environments)
- Automotive manufacturing (vibration-intensive settings)

### Performance Comparison Table

#### Parameter

UZ L051100-A

Competitor Model XT-2200

#### Operating Temp

-40°C to 85°C

-20°C to 75°C



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## Shock Resistance

100G (11ms)

50G (6ms)

## Maintenance Best Practices

When servicing industrial components, remember the "three-second rule" - if you can't complete a connection within three attempts in 30 seconds, stop and consult schematics. Common maintenance challenges include:

Signal drift in high EMI environments

Thermal expansion mismatches

Connector oxidation in humid conditions

## Real-World Failure Analysis

A pharmaceutical plant in Shanghai recently reported 23% efficiency gains after implementing predictive maintenance on their UZ-series components. Their secret? Using vibration analysis to detect bearing wear two weeks before catastrophic failure.

## Emerging Industry Trends

The rise of IIoT (Industrial Internet of Things) has transformed component monitoring. Modern devices now incorporate:

Embedded health monitoring sensors

Wireless diagnostic capabilities

Blockchain-based lifecycle tracking

As one engineer joked during a recent tech conference: "Our components now have better network connectivity than my teenage daughter's smartphone." This shift towards smart manufacturing requires updated maintenance protocols and staff training programs.

Web: <https://www.sphoryzont.edu.pl>