

## Decoding 156.75P-5BB Solar Cell Specifications for Photovoltaic Applications

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What Does 156.75P-5BB Mean in Solar Technology?

When encountering solar cell specifications like 156.75P-5BB, we're looking at a precision-engineered photovoltaic component where every character carries technical significance. The 156.75 denotes the wafer dimensions in millimeters - specifically 156.75mm x 156.75mm, representing the industry-standard M2 size that optimizes power output while maintaining compatibility with existing production lines.

The P designation identifies the semiconductor material type, in this case P-type silicon known for its stable performance and cost-effectiveness in standard solar applications. This contrasts with emerging N-type technologies that offer higher efficiency but at increased production costs.

Understanding Busbar Configuration The 5BB specification reveals the solar cell's current collection system:

5 busbars strategically distributed across the cell surface Reduced electrical resistance compared to traditional 3BB designs Enhanced shadow tolerance during partial cell shading Improved current collection efficiency by 0.3-0.5% absolute

Performance Characteristics of 156.75P-5BB Cells Market data from leading Chinese manufacturers shows these cells typically achieve:

Conversion efficiency: 21.5-22.3% Power output: 4.8-5.2W per cell Temperature coefficient: -0.35%/?C Annual degradation rate: <=0.7%

A recent case study from a 5MW commercial installation in Guangdong Province demonstrated that modules using 5BB configuration maintained 98.2% performance ratio after 18 months of operation, outperforming 3BB counterparts by 1.8% in energy yield.

Cost-Benefit Analysis Current market pricing shows progressive economies of scale:



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Unit price drops from ?3.00 at 100 units to ?2.30 for 10,000+ orders 5BB technology adds ??0.15/W compared to 3BB designs Payback period reduced by 8-12 months through improved energy harvest

Emerging Trends in Cell Interconnection While 5BB remains prevalent, the industry is gradually adopting:

Multi-busbar (MBB) designs with 9-12 thin busbars Shingled cell configurations eliminating visible busbars Hybrid approaches combining 5BB reliability with MBB efficiency

As one industry expert quipped, "Choosing between busbar configurations is like selecting coffee sizes - sometimes the medium option (5BB) satisfies both your efficiency cravings and cost-conscious palate best."

Installation Considerations When working with 156.75mm cells:

Maintain 0.5mm spacing tolerance during stringing Use tabbing ribbons with <=1.5% resistivity variation Optimize soldering temperatures between 230-250?C Implement automatic optical inspection for busbar alignment

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